EXHIBIT 51

Exploring Race-Neutral Alternatives in Undergraduate Admissions, January 19, 2016 PowerPoint presentation to Committee (Top 10 Percent Plan) (UNC0323680-90)

Exploring Race-Neutral Alternatives in Undergraduate Admissions

Faculty Advisory Committee on Undergraduate Admissions January 19, 2016



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Charge

- Identify reasonable alternatives to race-conscious practices in admissions
- Evaluate each alternative on whether it will yield an entering class with equal or greater:
 - Diversity
 - Academic quality
- Present findings to the Advisory Committee on Undergraduate Admissions



Foundations

- University Mission
- Board of Trustee Policy
- The Academic Plan
- Chancellor's Minority Affairs Review Committee
- Faculty Advisory Committee on Undergraduate Admissions
- Faculty Council



Approaches

- 1. Literature Review
- 2. Work of Peer Institutions
- 3. UNC Based Research

In-State

- Top 10% Plan
- Top 4.5% Plan
- Top X % + Socioeconomic Diversity
- Strongth of Curriculum
- Standardized Testing

Out-of-State

- Top 10% Plan
- Top 5% + Testing
- Grades + Testing

ΑII

Application Quest



Findings: In-State Public

Top 10% Plan

Automatic admission to all public school students ranked in the top 10% of their graduating class

Recuit:

- · Double the size of the admitted class
- Racial/ethnic diversity remains constant
- Greater socio-economic diversity
- Reduced rigor in high school course work
- SAT average [130 points

Top 4.5% Plan

Automatic admission to all public school students ranked in the top 4.5% of their graduating class

Result:

- Admitted class remains the same in size
- Racial/ethnic diversity | 2 percentage points
- Reduced rigor in high school course work



Findings: In-State

Testing

≥ 1280 on SAT

Results:

- Admitted class increases slightly
- SAT | 4 points
- Diversity of class declined significantly

5 AP courses & > 1150 on SAT

Strength of Curriculum + Testing

 Only 81/100 counties represented

Results:

- SAT average † 60 points
- Reduced rigor in high school course work
- Racial/ethnic/socioeconomic diversity would decline significantly



Findings: Out-of-state

Top 10% Plan

Results

Automatic admission for all out-ofstate applicants ranked in the top 10% of their high school graduating class

Results

- Admitted OOS class ↑ 2000 students
- Academic rigor remains constant
- Racial/ethnic diversity | 13 percentage points
- SAT averages | 100 points

Top 5% + Testing

Automatic admission for all out-of-state applicants ranked in the top 5% of their high school class and ≥ 1230 on SAT

- Admitted OOS class size remains constant
- Academic rigor remains constant
- Racial/ethnic diversity | 21%



Findings: Out-of-state

High School Grades + Testing

Automatic admission to all students with grades of all A's and ≥ 1220 on SAT

Results

- Academic rigor remains constant
- SAT averages | 20 points
- Racial/ethnic diversity | 20 percentage points
- International students † 6 percentage points



Additional Findings

NC Students Attending Private High Schools

Results

- Academic rigor in high school declines
- Racial/ethnic diversity remains constant
- SAT average <u>1</u> 200 points

Application Quest

Software program designed to maintain/increase diversity and academic qualifications of the admitted class

Results

- Holistic review is compromised
- Different review processes for different populations



Concusion

No identifiable race-neutral approach was found that would result in an admitted class that is academically as qualified while also maintaining or enhancing racial/ethnic diversity.

Therefore, the working group recommends that the Office of Undergraduate Admissions continue to use race/ethnicity as one of many factors when selecting the admitted class of first-year students.

